DIRECȚIA GENERALĂ A ARHIVELOR STATULUI

1918 LA ROMÂNI

DESĂVÎRȘIREA UNITĂȚII NAȚIONAL—STATALE A POPORULUI ROMÂN

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CUPRINS

Notă asupra ediției	7
Introducere	
Introduction	
List of documents.	77
Documente	78
Lista ilustrațiilor	99

LIST OF DOCUMENTS

- 1 1879 (February 20)/March 4, Vienna. Fragment from a dispatch by Lieutenant-Colonel Ludwig Sembratowicz of the Austro-Hungarian Imperial-Royal General Staff about his trip to Romania; the morale of the populace after the War of Independence.
- 2 1879 (February 22)/March 6, Bucharest. Report by von Hoyos Sprinzentein László, Minister Plenipotentiary of Austria-Hungary in Bucharest, to Count Andrássy Gyula, Minister for Foreiga Affairs of Austria-Hungary, about the consequences of Romania's gaining state independence on foreign policy.
- 3 1880 April $\langle 9 \rangle / 21$, Vienna. Letter by John A. Kasson, U.S. Minister Plenipotentiary in Vienna, to William Evarts, the American Secretary of State, pleading for granting the highest title existing in the legislation of the U.S. Congress to the diplomatic representative of that country in Romania.
- 4 1880 August $\langle 13 \rangle | 25$, Bucharest. Report by Friederich Lachmann, Imperial-Royal information agent, to the Information Office in Vienna about the fact that the two editions of Colonel August Gorjan's map including all Romanian provinces had quickly sold out.
- 5 1880 October (17)/29, Bucharest. Fragment from an annual trade report by Eugene Schuyler, U.S. Consul General in Bucharest, to Secretary of State Charles Payson comprising information on Romania's territory, the preponderance of the Romanian population in all Romanian historical provinces, the origin of the Romanian nation and language.
- 6 1881 August (1)/13, Bran. Report by the Qarantine Office in Bran about the traffic of arms through Predeal to Budești monastery to be smuggled into Transylvania.
- 7 1881 September, Bucharest. Report by F. Lachmann on the movement for the union of the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 8 (after 1881). Memorandum by Count Kálnoky Gustáv, Minister of the Imperial House and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Austria-Hungary, on the nationalities in Austria-Hungary, including the problem of the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 9 1882 (May 26)/June 7, Bucharest. Report by Ernst von Mayr, Minister Plenipotentiary of Austria-Hungary in Bucharest, to Kalnoky about the conference of the Carpați Association and the suggestion made by

Mihai Eminescu, a member of the Society, regarding the task of propagating the idea of "Great Dacia" in Transylvania.

- 10 7883 (May 27)/June 7 (1300 Şaban 2), Bucharest. Excerpt from the "Report on Romania" by Süleyman Sabit Bey, Minister Plenipotentiary of Turkey in Bucharest, concerning the Latin origin of the Romanian people and the number of the Romanian inhabitants in Transylvania.
- 11 1883 July (6)/18, Timişoara. Order by Ormos Zsigmond, Governor of Timiş county, to the Vice-governor and the Mayor of Timişoara regarding the "anti-State demonstration having a Dacian-Romanian" character staged by the students at the Greek-Catholic gymnasium in Blaj and the need to watch carefully and to repress any national manifestation on the territory of Timişoara municipality.
- 12 1886 May (4)/16, Ploiești. Report by Pauli, Imperial-Royal Vice-Consul in Ploiești, to E. Mayr about the celebration in Ploiești on 3/15 May 1848, the day of the People's Assembly on Cîmpia Libertății (Field of Liberty); manifestation by members of the Carpați Association for the union of Transylvania with Romania.
- 13 1886 May (6)/18, Brăila. Report by J. Hanswenzel, Imperial-Royal Vice-consul in Brăila, to Kálnoky, about the commemoration in Brăila of the Assembly held on the Field of Liberty in 1848; manifestations for the union of Transylvania with Romania.
- 14 1886 July (7)/19, Braşov. Memorandum by the Commercial and Industrial Assciation of Braşov to Count Szechenyi Pál, Minister of Agriculture, Industry and Trade of Hungary, on the crisis caused by the customs war against Romania; the difficult situation of the craftsmen; he asks for support with a view to improving that state of affairs.
- 15 1886 August $\langle 18 \rangle / 30$, Braşov. Report by the Governor of Braşov county regarding the negative consequences of the customs war on the situation of shepherds in Transylvania; the departure of a delegation of sheepmen to Sinaia and their audience with the Kirg.
 - 16 1887 December (5)/17, Bucharest. Letter by Gustav de Coutouly, Minister Plenipotentiary of France at Bucharest, to Léopold-Emile Flourens, Minister for Foreign Affairs of France, informing him on the reaction caused in Romania by the conclusion of the convention with the Austro-Hungarian Empire regarding some border problems.
 - 17 1890 March (19)/31, Budapest. Order by Count Szápáry Gyula, Minister for Internal Affairs of Hungary, to the administrative authorities regarding the interdiction of May Day celebrations.
- 18 1891 May (13)/25, Budapest. Report by Sir Arthur Nicolson, British Consul General in Budapest, about the political situation in Transylvania, based on his own observations during a travel in that province.
- 19 1891 May (16)/28, Bucharest. Fragment from a report by A. London Snowden, U. S. Minister resident in Romania, to Secretary of State James Blaine presenting the highlights of the historical development of ancient Dacia.

- 20 1891 June <13>/25, Budapest. Dispatch by Anton von Monts, German Consul General in Budapest, to the German Chancellor Georg Leo von Caprivi, giving information on A. Nicolson's report on the situation of the Romanians in Transylvania. A fragmentary German translation of A. Nicolson's report is attached.
- 21 1892 June (12)/24, Bucharest. Dispatch by George-Lamoral Forgeur, Belgian Minister Plenipotentiary in Bucharest, to the Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs of Belgium Biernaert concerning a memorandum handed by a deputation of Transylvanian Romanians to Emperor Franz Joseph; the agitation caused by that action.
- 22 1892 June (12)/24, Bucharest. Letter by François Marquis de Curtopassi, Minister Plenipotentiary of Italy in Bucharest, to Antonio Marquis of Rudini, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Italy, regarding the manifestations of solidarity of the Romanians in the Kingdom with the Romanians in Transylvania following the incidents in Turda.
- 23 1892 (June 20)/July 2, Bucharest. Report by Kara Theodory Bey, Secretary of the Turkish Legation in Bucharest, to the Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs Said Pasha about the actions which took place in Jassy, Bucharest and other cities in token of solidarity with the participants in the Memorandum movement.
- 24 1892 (June 27)/July 9, Bucharest. Dispatch by Kara Theodory Bey to Said Pasha regarding the wish of the Romanian Government to maintain good relations with Austria-Hungary.
- 25 1892 July $\langle 1 \rangle / 13$, Vienna. Dispatch by Ziyâ Bey, the Ambassador of Turkey in Vienna, to Said Pasha regarding the Memorandum movement and the main causes of the discontent shown by the Romanian population in Transylvania.
- 26 1892 July (15)/27, Vienna. Dispatch by Ziyâ Bey to Said Pasha concerning the reply of the Hungarian Prime Minister Count Szapáry Gyula to an interpellation by the deputy Albert György Apponyi in connection with the Romanian national movement in Transylvania.
- 27 1892 (November 19)/December 1, Vienna. Dispatch by E. Borchgrave, Minister of Belgium in Vienna, to Henri Count Mérode, Marquis de Westerloo, the Belgian Minister for Foreign Affairs, regarding the Memorandum movement in Transylvania and reactions to it in the Dualistic Monarchy.
- 28 1893 July (15)/27, Bucharest. Letter by F. Curtopassi to Benedetto Brin, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Italy, regarding the National Conference of the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 29 1893 September (4)/16, Vienna. Dispatch by W. van den Steen of Jenay, Counsellor of the Belgian Legation in Vienna, to H. Mérode-Westerloo regarding the trial of the participants in the Memorandum movement.
- 30 1893 November (3)/15, Budapest. Minute of the first meeting of the Executive Committee, elected to prepare the Congress of Nationalities in Hungary; the agenda and the common programme of action of the Romanian, Serbian and Slovak nationalities to be submitted to the Congress.

- 31 1894 May $\langle 14 \rangle / 26$, Budapest. Report by A. Monts to G. L. Caprivi about the sentences passed at the trial of the Romanian participants in the Memorandum movement; he considers the trial "a great mistake, even from a Hungarian point of view."
- 32 1894 May (17)/29, Bucharest. Letter by F. Curtopassi to Baron Alberto Blanc, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Italy, regarding the agitation caused in Romania by the trial of the participants in the Memorandum movement and by the attitude of the Hungarian authorities towards the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 33 1894 (June 27)/July 9, Sinaia. Dispatch by C. Dumba, Chargé d'affaires of Austria-Hungary in Bucharest, to Kalnoky about an interview of the Minister Plenipotentiary of Germany in Bucharest Casimir Leyden with King Carol.
- 34 1894 August (10)/22, Bucharest. Letter by F. Curtopassi to A. Blanc on the conversation between Petre Carp and Kalnoky regarding the rights of the Transylvanian Romanians.
- 35 1894 September (17)/30, Vienna. Report by E. Borchgrave to H. Mérode-Westerloo on the condition of the Romanians in Transylvania and the relations between Romania and Austria-Hungary.
- 36 1894 October $\langle 5 \rangle | 17$, Berlin. Dispatch by J. Baron de Gremdl, Minister of Belgium in Berlin, to H. Mérode-Westerloo in connection with the demarches made in Berlin by the Romanian Government to help settle the claims of the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 37 1894 October (18)/31, Vienna. Report by E. Borchgrave to E. Mérode-Westerloo regarding the activity of "The Romanian League" (Liga Română) and the publication of a tract against the oppression of the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 38 (1896 December 31)/1897 January 12, Budapest. Order of Perczel Dezsö, Hungarian Minister for Internal Affairs, to the Governor of Timișoara county instructing him to keep under surveillance a protest movement planned by the Romanians.
- 39 1897 (August 20)/September, 1, Sinaia. Dispatch by Hamilton E. Browne, Vice-Consul of Great Britain in Romania, regarding the foundation of "The Romanian League" in Dobrudja.
- 40 1897 (October 19)/November 1, Bucharest. Dispatch by Szilássy, Diplomatic Agent of the Austrian-Hungarian Legation in Bucharest, to the Minister Plenipetentiary of Austria-Hungary Aloys Lexa von D'Achrenthal on the former's journey to Transylvania comprising observations regarding the Romanian national movement.
- 41 1897 December (15)/27, Jassy. Dispatch by Alois Pogácar, Imperial-Royal Consul at Jassy, to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Austria-Hungary Agenor Goluchowski about the meeting of "The Cultural League" (Liga Culturală) held in Jassy.
- 42 1898 July (13)/25, Athens. Dispatch by Baron Guillaume, resident Minister of Belgium in Athens, to the Belgian Minister for Foreign Affairs

80

Baron Favereau on the Romanian-Bulgarian relations and the problem of Dobrudja.

- 43 1900 $\langle January 23 \rangle / February 5$, Galatzi. Dispatch by M. Azarian, Consul General of Turkey at Galatzi, to the Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs Ahmed Tevfik Pasha on the draft law of the Romanian Government regarding the revenue of Sfintu Nicolae church in Brașov and of its schools teaching in the Romanian language; the attitude taken by the opposition parties.
- 44 1901 November (6)/19, Budapest. Report to the Council of Ministers by its Chairman Széll Kálmán regarding the Conference of "The Cultural League", held in October, and the problems discussed there with a view to intensifying the actions for the achievement of the ideal of the national unity of the Romanian people.
- 45 1906 (September 20)/October 3, Bucharest. Dispatch by Count Szápáry Lörincz, the diplomatic representative of Austria-Hungary in Bucharest, to A. Goluchowski about the festivities in Bucharest, Sinaia and Constantza on the occasion of the visit made by the choirs from Transylvania, Banat and Bukovina.
- 46 (after 1907 February 25/March 10). Dispatch by Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Brosch von Aarenau, Head of the Military Chancellery of Archduke Franz Ferdinand, to the Archduke including excerpts from a report by Dr. Alexandru Vaida-Voievod on the Romanian viewpoint on the Apponyi draft law.
- 47 1907 April (16)/29, Bucharest. Dispatch by Johann Schönburg-Hertenstein, Minister Plenipotentiary of Austria-Hungary in Bucharest, to A. D'Aehrenthal on the national movement of the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 48 1908 (April 24)/May 7, Jassy. Dispatch by Selim Gürdji, Consul of Turkey in Jassy, to A. Tevfik Pasha regarding the visit to Jassy by a group of people from Bukovina and the aspirations after national unity expressed on that occasion.
- 49 1909 (May 29)/June 11, Sinaia. Report by J. Schönburg to A. D'Aehrenthal about the annual meeting of "The Cultural League" in Jassy; the interdiction imposed to Nicolae Iorga to enter Bukovina; meetings of protest.
- 50 1909 $July \langle 13 \rangle / 26$, Belgrade. Dispatch by an officer of the Turkish Legation in Belgrade to Rifat Pasha, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Turkey, regarding the visit to Belgrade by a group of Romanian tourists and the actions of Romanian-Serbian solidarity which took place on that occasion.
- 51 1909 October (17)/30, Bucharest. Dispatch by Alfred von Kiderlen-Wächter, Minister Plenipotentiary of Germany in Bucharest, to the Chancellor of Germany Theobald Bethmann Hollweg about the situation in Romania in case of territorial changes in the Balkans.
- 52 1909 (November 27)/December 10, Bucharest. Dispatch by Ugron István, Chief Counsellor of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy in Bucharest,

to A. D'Achrenthal about the general assembly of "The Cultural League"; the new badge of the League with the effigy of Michael the Brave; the setting up of a foundation in memory of Augustin Bunea.

- 53 1909 (December 23)/1910 January 5, Bucharest. Report by J. Schönburg to A. D'Aehrenthal about the creation of a branch office of "The Cultural League" in Paris.
- 54 1910 (May 28)/June 10, Sinaia. Report by J. Schönburg to A. D'Aehrenthal about the annual congress of "The Cultural League" in Ploiești; the circulation of patriotic books in Transylvania; the decision to hold meetings of protest against the atrocities committed by order of the Hungarian Government during the elections.
- 55 1911 September $\langle 2 \rangle / 15$, Sinaia. Report by Ottokar Czernin, Minister Plenipotentiary of Austria-Hungary in Bucharest, to A. D'Aehrenthal about the festivities organized by "The Cultural League" in Bucharest and the massive attendance by Romanians from Transylvania and Bukovina. The speech made by Dimitrie Onciul, Vice-President of "The Cultural League", is attached.
- 56 1913 February (6)/19, Braşov. Report by Dr. Al. Vaida to K. Bardolff, Head of the Military Chancellery of Archduke Franz Ferdinand, regarding the negotiations of the Romanian National Party with Tisza István, Chairman of the Hungarian Council of Ministers; the Romanians' minimal claims.
- 57 1913 February $\langle 12 \rangle / 25 April \langle 4 \rangle / 17$. Communication by K. Bardolff, Head of the Military Chancellery of Archduke Franz Ferdinand, to Franz Ferdinand about the negotiations of the Romanian National Party with Tisza István, Chairman of the Hungarian Council of Ministers.
- 58 1913 March $\langle 7 \rangle / 20$, Bărcuț. Letter by Rudolf Brandsch, Saxon deputy to the Parliament of Budapest, to Milan Hodza, a fighter for the rights of the Slovakians in the Austrian-Hungarian Monarchy, about the difference between his own views and the official stand of the Saxons regarding the "Hungarian unitary state" and the hegemony of the Hungarian oligarchy.
- 59 1913 (April 20)/Mai 3, Petersburg. Dispatch by Frederic Count de Pourtalès, German ambassador at Petersburg, to the Chancellery of Germany about Romania's relations with Russia and Austria.
- 60 1913 (April 25)/May 8. Dispatch by K. Bardolff to Archduke Franz Ferdinand about the negotiations between the Romanian National Party and the Hungarian Government and on the episcopate of Hajdudorogh.
- 61 1913 (July 30)/August 12, Budapest. Dispatch by A. Benedek, State Secretary at the Ministry of Cults and Public Education, to Tisza on the organization, in Cluj, of a Congress of "The Association of Romanian Schoolmasters from Sălaj"; intructions to the Hungarian Minister Internal Affairs Sándor János to prevent the congress from being held.

- 62 1913 August $\langle 14 \rangle / 27$, Sinaia. Note of the German Imperial Legation in Romania to the Cancellery of Germany concerning the relations of Romania with Austria-Hungary and the Peace of Bucharest.
- 63 1913 September $\langle 3 \rangle / 16$, Sinaia. Report of the German Legation in Romania to the Cancellor of Germany Theobald von Bethmann Hollweg about the talks with Ion I. C. Brătianu, leader of the Liberal Party, on the Balkan wars and the relations of Romania with Austria-Hungary.
- 64 1913 (October 21)/November 3, Vienna. Letter by Franz Conrad von Hoetzendorf, Chief of the Austro-Hungarian General Staff, to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Austria-Hungary Leopold Berchtold about Nicolae Iorga's opinion on the foreign policy of Romania in the near future.
- 65 1913 Novermber $\langle 13 \rangle/26$, Vienna. L. Berchtold's instructions to O. Czernin for the latter's mission to Romania. The motivation of Austro-Hungarian attitude during the Balkan Wars.
- 66 1913 (November 20)/December 3, Arad. Application by Pop Ioan, non-Uniate bishop of Arad, communicating the decision taken by the Synod of the Greek-Oriental Romanian Church in Arad county to intercede with the Government for the modification of the Law of 1907. The memorandum sent to Dr. Jankovich Béla, Hungarian Minister of Cults and Public Education.
- 67 1913 (November 22)/December 5, Bucharest. Report of the German Legation in Bucharest to B. Hollweg about the anti-Austrian mood prevailing in Romania and the need to give more rights to all the nationalities of Hungary.
- 68 1913 (November 22)/December 5, Bucharest. O. Czernin's report to L. Berchtold about the impossibility of publishing the Treaty of Alliance with Romania because the Romanian public opinion was categorically against an alliance with Austria-Hungary.
- 69 (after 1913 December 3/16), Bucharest. Memorandum by Dr. F. Count de Haymerle, Counsellor of the Imperial-Royal Legation in Bucharest, about the fact that public mood in Romania had become adverse to Austria-Hungary as a result of the attitude of the Austro-Hungarian Government vis-à-vis Romania during the Balkan crisis and as a consequence of the Romanians' condition in Transylvania. The reasons why King Carol kept secret the Treaty with the Triple Alliance; inconvenience of having it published.
- 70 1913 (December 26)/1914 January 8, Bucharest. O. Czernin's report to L. Berchtold about the public mood in Romania and the Austro-Hungarian policy to draw Romania on its side.
- 71 1914 January (17)/30, Bucharest. Dispatch by M. van Ypersele de Strihou, Minister of Belgium in Bucharest, to the Belgian Minister for Foreign Affrais Julien Davignon regarding the claims of the Romanians in Transylvania and the relations between Austria-Hungary and Romania.

- 72 1914 February (1)/24, Budapest. Report by the District Commander of Gendarmery in Bukovina sent by the Imperial-Royal Minister of War, F. Count of Georgi, to Tisza indicating that "The Cultural League" of Romania had extended its activity into Bukovina, Upper Hungary, and Transylvania.
- 73 1914 (February 27)/March 11, Bucharest. O. Czernin's report to L. Berchtold about the relations with the Balkan States; the anti-Austrian mood in Romania and the need to publish the Treaty of Alliance with Romania.
- 74 1914 March $\langle 13 \rangle | 26$, Vienna. L. Berchtold's instructions to O. Czernin to desist from pressing King Carol for the publication of the Treaty of Alliance with the Triple Alliance, but rather to persuade the King and the Romanian politicians that only an honest and open adhesion to the Triple Alliance could guarantee the independence of Romania.
- 75 1914 (March 19)/April 1, Bucharest. Letter of G. Aurity, First Secretary of the Italian Legation in Bucharest, to the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs Marquis de San Giuliano concerning the actions organized by "The Cultural League" to protest the persecutions against Romanians in Transylvania.
- 76 1914 (Match 20)/April 2, Bucharest. O. Czernin's report to L. Berchtold about the hostile mood of the entire public opinion in Romania against the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy following the failure of the Hungarian-Romanian negotiations; the lack of prospects of the mission assigned to Czernin to persuade the Romanians that an honest adhesion to the Triple Alliance is in the interest of Romania.
- 77 1914 (March 25)/April 7, Berlin. Dispatch by Baron Beyens, Minister of Belgium in Berlin, to J. Davignon regarding the position of Germany and Russia in relation to the national aspirations of the Romanians
- 78 1914 (May 22)/June 4, Sibiu. Circular from the Headquarters of the Imperial-Royal Army Corps in Sibiu to the governors of the counties in Transylvania asking them to communicate their findings about the activities of emigration agents in Romania.
- 79 1914 July (5)/18, Budapest. Order by Sándor János of Csikszentmihályi, Interior Minister of Hungary, to the Vice-governor of Mureș-Turda county to keep under surveillance the activity of emigration agents in Romania.
 - 80 1914 July (12)/25, Tirgu Mureş. Report by Köllö, Vice-governor of Mureş-Turda county, to Sándor regarding the emigration to Romania and the intensification of the national movement of the Romanians after the conclusion of the Second Balkan War.
 - 81 1914 July (12)/25, Făgăraş. Report by Belle Sándor, Vice-governor of Făgăraş county, to the Governor regarding the emigration to Romania.
 - 82 1914 (after July 12/25). Memorandum by Lutz Korodi, principal of the Fontane School in Berlin, to the German Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Transylvania.

- 83 1914 July (16)/29, Petersburg. Cable sent by Serguei Dimitrievich Sazonov, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Russia, to S. A. Poklevsky-Koziell, Minister of Russia in Bucharest, regarding the attitude to be adopted by Romania in the event of a war between Russia and Austria-Hungary.
- 84 1914 July (17)/30, Petersburg. Cable by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevsky-Koziell asking the latter to obtain information on the advantages expected by Romania in the event of its participation in a war against Austria.
- 85 1914 (July 22)/August 4, Sinaia. Cable by Baron Carlo Fasciotti, Minister Plenipotentiary of Italy in Bucharest, to the Chairman of the Italian Council of Ministers Antonio Salandra in connection with Romania's neutrality and the hostile mood of the populace against Austria-Hungary.
- 86 1914 (July 27)/August 9, Petersburg. Copy of a cable sent by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevsky-Koziell regarding the statement of the Entente States. on Romania's participation in the war.
- 87 1914 August $\langle 12 \rangle/25$. Cable by F. Conrad to L. Berchtold about the military consequences of losing two allies: Italy and Romania.
- 88 1914 (August 25)/September 7, Luxemburg. Cable by B. Hollweg to L. Berchtold about the possibility that Austria-Hungary should grant a political status to Transylvania and about a border settlement in Bukovina.
- 89 1914 (August 26)/September 8, Bucharest. Telegram sent by S. Poklevsky-Koziell to S. Sazonov regarding the need to establish relations. between Russia and Romania.
- 90 1914 (August 28)/September 10, Sinaia. O. Czernin's report to L. Berchtold regarding the critical situation in Romania; the prospects of the Russian offer concerning Bukovina; the possibility of a dynasty change.
- 91 1914 (August 28)/September 10. Telegram by F. Conrad to L. Berchtold regarding the need to cede Suceava in exchange for Romania's participation in the war on the side of the Central Powers.
- 92 1914 (August 29)/September 11, Sinaia. O. Czernin's report to L. Berchtold about the worsening situation in Romania following the defeat of the Austro-Hungarian army in Poland. The intensification of revolutionary movement in Romania; Kind Carol's fear of his own people; the possibility of the King's abdication.
- 93 1914 (August 30)/September 12, Sinaia. Cable by J. de Waldthausen, Minister Plenipotentiary of Germany in Romania, to the German Foreign Ministry about his talk with I. I. C. Brătianu regarding the advance of the Russian Troops in the Carpathians and the need to grant concessions for the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 94 1914 (August 30)/September 12, Făgăraș. Belle's report on the situation of emigration to Romania.
- 95 1914 Scptember $\langle 1 \rangle / 14$, Sinaia. Telegram by O. Czernin to L. Berchtold about the Romanian public opinion and the demand that the King

should abdicate and the Crown Prince should renounce his claim to the throne in case he does not approve the march on Transylvania.

- 96 1914 September $\langle 1 \rangle / 14$. Cable by S. Poklevsky-Koziell to S. Sazonov in which he considers it convenient to invite the Romanian Government to send troops into the southern part of Bukovina.
- 97 1914 September $\langle 2 \rangle / 13$, Sinaia. O. Czernin's cable to L. Berchtold regarding the money received by the German Legation from the German Government for secret purposes; O. Czernin's plan — in case he could dispose of an equally large amount — to support Martial Law in Romania financially; the need to start negotiations with the Transylvanian Romanians.
- 98 1914 September $\langle 3 \rangle | 16$, Petersburg. Cable by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevsky-Koziell asking him to inform the Romanian Government that it was called upon to join Russia and to suggest that Romania should move its troops into southern Bukovina and Transylvania.
- 99 1914 September $\langle 4 \rangle / 17$. Cable by F. Conrad to L. Berchtold about the necessity to spare no money in order to induce the Romanian press to side with the Central Powers.
- 100 1914 September $\langle 4 \rangle / 17$, Petersburg. Cable by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevskya Koziell comprising instructions regarding the proposals made by Austrito Romania in case it declared war on Russia.
- 101 1914 September $\langle 5 \rangle / 18$, Sinaia. O. Czernin's cable to L. Berchtold about the attempt to corrupt the Romanian press in order to engage in favour of an active intervention of Romania in the war.
- 102 1914 September (5>/18, Vienna. Cable by L. Berchtold to the diplomatic representatives of Austria-Hungary in Berlin and Bucharest about the Romanian plan to send troops into Transylvania and Bukovina. The agreement between József Forgács de Ghymes és Gacs, Counsellor in the Austro-Hungarian Ministry for Foreign Affairs, and Zimmermann, State Secretary at the Foreign Ministry of Germany, to induce the Romanians to believe that German troops will support the Austrian ones in Transylvania and Bukovina.
- 103 1914 September $\langle 6 \rangle / 19$, Vienna. L. Berchtold's letter to O. Czernin about the mission of Prince Gottfried zu Hohenlohe, Minister of Austria-Hungary in Berlin, with the German General Headquarters. The German Chancellor's opinion that involving Romania in the war on the side of the Central Powers was indispensable. The rejection of the idea to suggest to Romania the possibility of a territorial cession in Bukovina and of concessions for the Transylvanian Romanians.
- 104 1914 September (6)/19, Berlin. Cable from G. Hohenlohe to L. Berchtold about his visit to the German High Command. The talk with Emperor William II.
- 105 1914 September (6)/19, Sinaia. Cable by O. Czernin to L. Berchtold about his talk with I. I. C. Brătianu; the general wish of the Romanian people to march into Transylvania; the hint that the Romanian troops

would encounter not only Austrian but also German troops in Transylvania.

- 106 1914 September $\langle 6 \rangle / 19$, Bucharest. M. Strihou's report to J. Davignon regarding the neutrality policy of Romania and its wish to achieve the national ideal.
- 107 1914 September $\langle 6 \rangle / 19$, Bucharest. Cable from C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra on the movements of the Romanians in the favour of joining the war against the Austrians-Germans.
- 108 1914 Scptember $\langle 7 \rangle / 20$, Sinaia. Cable from H. Bussche to Gottlieb von Jakow, German Secretary of State, about the revolutionary situation in Romania and Russia's offer.
- 109 1914 September $\langle 7 \rangle | 20$, Berlin. Cable from G. Hohenlohe to L. Berchtold about King Carol's fear of a revolution in the country as soon as the Russian proposal was known. The need for Tisza to make concessions, without which Romania cannot be prevented from acting together with Russia.
- 110 1914 September (8)/21, Vienna. Note from L. Berchtold to O. Czernin about H. Bussche's talk with King Carol.
- 111 1914 September $\langle 9 \rangle / 22$, Bucharest. M. Strihou's report to J. Davignon regarding the means by which the German Government tries to influence the public opinion in Romania.
- 112 1914 September $\langle 9 \rangle / 22$, Bucharest. Cable from C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra concerning the agreement between Romania and Italy and the need to enhance the Italian influence in Romania.
- 113 1914 September (9)/22, Bucharest. Secret cable from S. Poklevsky-Koziell regarding the proposals made by Austria to Romania.
- 114 1914 September (11)/24, Sinaia. Excerpt from O. Czernin's private letter to L. Berchtold about King Carol's approaching demise; his audience with Crown Prince Ferdinand; the general wish of the Romanian populace to go to war against the Central Powers; the inconvenience of concessions to the Transylvanian Romanians; the tactics used in their dealings with the Romanian Government by Czernin and by Bussche, Baron von Haddenhausen Hilmar during his special missions in Romania.
- 115 1914 September $\langle 11 \rangle / 24$, Vienna. Telegram by L. Berchtold to Czernin and G. Hohenlohe on the proposals made to Romania by Russia and by Austria-Hungary respectively in order to obtain its cooperation.
- 116 1914 September $\langle 12 \rangle / 25$, Bucharest. Telegram from C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra regarding the proposals made by Russia to Romania in case the latter joined the Entente.
- 117 1914 September (13)/26, Vienna. Telegram from the Ministry for Foreign Affairs of Austria-Hungary to the Commander in Chief of the Imperial-Royal Army about the critical situation prevailing in Romania and the means used to strengthen King Carol's resistance.

- 118 1914 September (13)/26, Vienna. Telegram sent by L. Berchtold to his Ministers Plenipotentiary in Bucharest and Berlin and to his representative at the Army High Command expressing his apprehension that the Romanian troops might occupy all territories inhabited by Romanians reaching far into Hungary; the need to exert influence on Romanian politicians; the entry of Romanian troops in Bukovina was accepted only if Romania declared war on Russia.
- 119 1914 September (13)/26, Petersburg. Secret telegram sent by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevsky-Koziell concerning the project of an agreement with Romania.
- 120 1914 September $\langle 14 \rangle / 27$, Vienna. Telegram sent by L. Berchtold to his Ministers Plenipotentiary in Bucharest and Berlin regarding the suggestion made by the German Cabinet to promise Romania the return of Bessarabia and a rectification of the border in Bukovina.
- 121 1914 September (14)/27, Tzarskoe Selo. S. Sazonov's Note to G. I. Diamandi, Minister Plenipotentiary of Romania in Russia, regarding the Russian-Romanian negotiations and Russia's commitment to guarantee the territorial integrity of Romania and to recognize Romania's rights over the territory inhabited by Romanians in Austria-Hungary.
- 122 1914 September (15)/28, Bucharest. Telegram sent by S. Poklevsky-Koziell to S. Sazonov regarding I. I. C. Brătianu's consent to the Russian-Romanian agreement.
- 123 1914 September $\langle 16 \rangle / 29$, Sinaia. Telegram sent by O. Czernin to L. Berchtold asking that a proposal be made to King Carol — in case the march on Transylvania was decided by the Crown Council — to occupy Transylvania only up to a certain established line and to refuse cooperation with the Russian Army.
- 124 1914 September $\langle 16 \rangle / 29$. Telegram sent by C. Jagow to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Germany about the objections made by L. Berchtold to King Carol's suggestion that the Romanian troops should make a demonstrative march into Transylvania.
- 125 1914 (September 18)/October 1, Budapest. Telephone message from Tisza to L. Berchtold asking to instruct O. Czernin to reject categorically any allusion to a possible peaceful occupation of Transylvania by Romania.
- 126 1914 (September 18)/October 1, Vienna. Cablegram from L. Berchtold to O. Czernin rejecting the idea of a secret agreement with King Carol for a peaceful occupation of Transylvania or Bukovina by the Romanian troops.
- 127 1914 (September 19)/October 2, Bucharest. Telegram sent by O. Czernin to Tisza requesting the publication of the concessions made to the Transylvanian Romanians.
- 128 1914 (September 20) October 3, Petersburg. Telegram sent by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevsky-Koziell regarding the terms of the agreement between Russia and Romania.

- 129 1914 (September 26)/October 9, Sinaia. O. Czernin's report to L. Berchtold regarding the mood in Bucharest: agitation in the streets, in the press, and within the Army.
- 130 1914 (September 27)/October 10, Nowy Sacz. F. Conrad's letter to L. Berchtold about the necessity to prevent Romania from entering the war, considering that otherwise maintaining Transylvania within the Hapsburg Empire became doubtful and the fate of the entire Monarchy was uncertain.
- 131 1914 October (5)/18, Bucharest. Telegram sent by H. Bussche to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Berlin about the postulates of the Romanians in Transylvania as presented by some of their leaders.
- 132 1914 October $\langle 6 \rangle$ /19, Bucharest. Telegram sent by O. Czernin to Tisza about the need to publish the concessions to be made to the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 133 1914 October $\langle 7 \rangle / 20$, Budapest. Telegram sent by Tisza to O. Czernin calling his attention to the fact that he was voicing a wrong conception when he spoke about concessions for the "Transylvanian Romanians" instead of saying "Romanians living in Hungary" and informing him that the concessions would be made public as soon as the situation on the front improved.
- 134 1914 October <10>/23, Vienna. Telegram sent by L. Berchtold to his representative in Berlin and Bucharest regarding the publication by Tisza of the concessions to the Romanians in Transylvania. Tisza's request for the consent of the German Government to threaten the Romanians that they would never count on such extensive concessions, if they missed that opportunity.
- 135 1914 (October 19) November 1, Budapest. Telegram sent by Tisza to L. Berchtold regarding Germany's advice that Hungary should make concessions to the Romanians in Transylvania and the reasons why the concessions must not be publicly known for the moment.
- 136 1914 (October 21)/November 3, Bucharest. O. Czernin's telegram to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs in Vienna about the irritation caused in Romania by G. Andrássy's statement regarding a possible intervention of Romania in the war on the side of the Central Powers.
- 137 1914 (October 21)/November 3. Telegram sent by B. Hollweg to Heinrich von Tschirschky und Bögendorff, Ambassador of Germany in Vienna, conveying a cablegram from the General Headquarters about the urgent need that the Hungarian Government should make concessions to the Romanians in Transylvania in order to induce Romania to enter the war alongside the Central Powers.
- 138 1914 (October 29)/November 11, Bucharest. Report by M. Strihou to J. Davignon about sending a delegation of professors from the University of Bucharest to the King in order to induce the Government to promote an active policy in the favour of the national claims of the Romanian people.

- 139 1914 (October 30)/November 12, Teschen. Telegram sent by Archduke Friedrich to L. Berchtold about the intention of Hindenburg Paul of Beneckendorff, Chief of the German General Staff, to grant the reforms requested by the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 140 1914 November (2)/15, Bucharest. Letter from Otto Czernin, Counsellor of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy in Petersburg, to Forgács about his visit to Romania; the public mood and the attempts to influence the Royal couple; the threat that there would be no more concessions for the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 141 1914 November (13)/26, Sibiu. Dispatch by the governor of Sibiu county regarding the emigration to Romania.
- 142 1914 November (17)/30, Sibiu. Dispatch by the Vice-governor of Sibiu county regarding the emigration to Romania. Tables on the emigration from certain counties to Romania and America.
- 143 1914 (November 23)/December 6, Paris. Telegram sent by Legrand communicating Charles Rivet's report to The Times about his talk with Take Ionescu; the vital necessity for Romania and the Balkan states to join the Triple Entente.
- 144 1914 December $\langle 5 \rangle/18$, Bucharest. O. Czernin's report to L. Berchtold about the speech made by Alexandru Marghiloman supporting the union of all Romanians and the achievement of social justice.
- 145 (1914 December 24)/1915 January 6, Paris. Dispatch by Baron Guillaume, Minister of Belgium in France, to J. Davignon regarding Romania's involvement in the war.
- 146 (1914 December 25)/1915 January 7. Telegraphic order from the Military Headquarters in Sibiu to Betegh, Governmental Commissary in Turda, and the latter's report on the mood of the Romanians in Transylvania.
- 147 1915 January (2)/15, Bucharest. Telegram sent by S. Poklevsky-Koziell to S. Sazonov regarding his talk with I.I.C. Brătianu on Romania's intentions and its relations with Russia.
- 148 1915 January (11)/24 January (27)/February 9, Nis. Diary of Michotte de Welle, Minister of Belgium in Serbia, sent to J. Davignon regarding the attitude of Austria-Hungary towards the national ideal of the Romanians and the prospects for Romania in case the Hungarian Government carried out the policy it had in view.
- 149 1915 (February 19)/March 3, Sibiu. Note of the Imperial-Royal Military High Command, department of the General Staff, to the Records Office of the Imperial-Royal General Staff about "The Transylvanian Legion", formed in Bucharest and headed by Octavian Goga.
- 150 1915 March (9)/22, Brăila. Despatch by Dr. N. Hakman, Imperial-Royal Consul in Brăila, to O. Czernin about the meeting of "The Cultural League" and its appeal to march into Transylvania; the assembly of the Social-Democrats and their manifestation against the war.

90

- 151 1915 March (9)/22, Brăila. Copy of a letter from G. Serpi, Italian Vice-Consul in Brăila, to C. Fasciotti about the manifestation organized in Brăila, on 21 March 1915, by "The Cultural League".
- 152 1915 March $\langle 14 \rangle / 27$, Bucharest. O. Czernin's report to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Austria-Hungary Burian István about the speech made by Ion Lahovary at the Conservative Club regarding the need of a union of the parties in view of achieving a single ideal: the Great Romania.
- 153 1915 April $\langle 3 \rangle$ /16, Bucharest. Dispatch by M. Strihou to J. Davignon enclosing also a report of Captain Pichon, Military Attaché of France in Bucharest, regarding the situation of the Romanian army.
- 154 1915 April (10)/23, Bucharest. Telegram sent by Camille Blondel, Minister Plenipotentiary of France in Bucharest, to Téophile Delcassé, Minister for Foreign Affairs of France, regarding the problem of Romania's entry into the war.
- 155 1915 $\langle April 19 \rangle / May 2$, Petersburg. Telegram sent by S. Sazonov to the ambassadors of Russia in Paris and London regarding the continuation of negotiations with Romania on the conditions of its entry into the war.
- 156 $1915 \langle April 20 \rangle / May 3$. Telegram sent by the Commander of the Russian Armies to the Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs A. Neratov expressing his point of view on the military situation.
- 157 1915 (April 27)/May 10, Budapest. Tisza's cipher telegram to some county governors in Transylvania in connection with the manifestations of young Romanian recruits in the 38th Division and of soldiers on the front in expectation of the Romanians' arrival.
- 158 1915 (April 28)/May 11, Le Havre. J. Davignon's information to the ministers of Belgium in Paris, London and Petersburg about Romania's attitude on the border problem as a condition of its involvement in the war on the side of the Allies, and about Russia's attitude towards the Romanian claims.
- 159 1915 April (no date). Interview with A. Vaida-Voievod by a representative of the German General Headquarters on the problem of the Romanians in Transylvania and Hungary.
- 160 1915 May 1/14, Petersburg. Telegram sent by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevsky-Koziell regarding Romania's territorial claims on which its entry into the war depends.
- 161 1915 May (2)/15, Făgăraş. Telegram from the Governor of Făgăraş county to Tisza informing him about the mood prevailing among the Romanian intellectuals and the steps taken by the authorities.
- 162 1915 May (5)/18, London. Dispatch by Paul Hymans, Minister of Belgium in London, to J. Davignon regarding the inconvenience of a Belgian intercession with France and England in Romania's favour.

- 163 1815 May 6/19, (Petersburg). Telegram by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevsky-Koziell about his meeting with the Ambassador of France in connection with Romanian territorial claims.
- 164 1915 May 6/19, (Petersburg). Telegram by S. Sazonov to the Russian Ambassador in Paris A. P. Izvolsky concerning the importance of Romania's entry into the war.
- 165 1915 May (7)/20, Teschen. Telegram from Count Thurn, representative of the Austro-Hungarian Ministry for Foreign Affairs with the General Staff, to Burian about F. Conrad's opinion according to which Romania's entry into the war would have catastrophic effects for Austria-Hungary.
- 166 1915 May $\langle 10 \rangle / 23$. Telegram by F. Conrad to Burian about the urgency of gaining Romania over for an active participation alongside the Central Powers.
- 167 1915 May $\langle 15 \rangle / 30$, Berlin. G. Jagow's letter to H. Tschirschky about the necessity of granting some rights to the Transylvanian Romanians in order not to push Romania into the war against the Central Powers, which would cause the fall of the Austro-Hungarian Empire.
- 168 1915 May 17/30. The content of the editorial article in the journal Russkoe Slovo referring, among other things, to the condition of the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy, Romania's entry into the war, the question of Banat, the Romanian aspirations in connection with Bukovina.
- 169 1915 May (18) 31, Le Havre. Note by J. Davignon informing the Ministers of Belgium in London, Paris, Rome, and Petersburg on the Romanian-Russian negotiations.
- 170 1915 (May 20)/June 2, Teschen. Telegram by F. Conrad to Burian about the urgency of an active intervention of Romania on the side of the Central Powers as a decisive factor for the outcome of the war.
- 171 1915 (May 20)/June 2, Le Hâvre. J. Davignon's note for the information of the Ministers of Belgium in Paris and London regarding the declaration made by France that it would not recognize the Romanian-Russian Convention and would oppose to its application unless Romania gave assistance to the Allies.
- 172 1915 June 5/18, (Bucharest). Telegram by S. Poklevsky-Koziell to S. Sazonov about his discussion with I. I. C. Brătianu regarding Romania's entry into the war.
- 173 1915 June $\langle 7 \rangle / 20$. Telegram by Lieutenant-General Ianushkevich, Chief of the Russian General Staff, to the Russian General Headquarters regarding the need for Romania's entry into the war on the side of the Entente.
- 174 1915 June (12)/25, Le Hâvre. Note from J. Davignon informing P. Hymans and Guillaume about the decision of the Russian Government to cede the border on the Prut and the Tisa to Romania.

- 175 1915 June $\langle 12 \rangle / 25 \langle Nis \rangle$. Fragment from the diary kept at the Belgian Legation in Serbia noting Romania's expectant attitude and Russia's position towards the problem of Romanian borders.
- 176 1915 June $\langle 16 \rangle / 29$, Paris. Telegram by A. Izvolsky to S. Sazonov about his talk with T. Delcassé concerning the anxiety caused by the extended neutrality of Romania.
- 177 1915 June 27/July 10. Telegram by S. Sazonov to A. Count Benckendorff, Ambassador of Russia in London, advising him to intercede with the British Government so that the latter should demand Romania's immediate entry into the war in exchange for granting it the requested loan.
- 178 1915 June 27/July 10. Editorial comments published by the journal Russkoe Slovo under the headline "The Manifesto of Bucharest" calling upon the Romanian people to fight for the achievement of their national ideal.
- 179 1915 July (13)/26, Bucharest. M. Strihou's report about the Romanian grain export to Germany and Austria-Hungary.
- 180 1915 July 21/August 2. Telegram by S. Sazonov to S. Poklevsky-Koziell instructing him to convey to the Romanian Government Russia's consent to the Romanian claims with a view to concluding a military convention providing for Romania's immediate participation in the war.
- 181 1915 (July 22)/August 4, (Le Havre). J. Davignon's note to the Ministers of Belgium in London and Paris regarding the negotiations between the Entente Powers and Romania with a view to obtaining its military cooperation with the Allied armies.
- 182 1915 (September 26)/October 9, Bucharest. Dispatch by Lieutenant-Colonel Luciano Ferigo, Italian Military Attaché in Romania, to the Commander of the Second General Staff Corps of the Italian Army regarding the political and military situation in Romania.
- 183 1915 September 29/October 12, Paris. Telegram by A. Izvolsky to S. Sazonov about the opinions circulated in France in connection with Russia's passivity in the Balkans, which endaugered the alliance with Romania.
- 184 1915 October (5)/18, Paris. Fragment from a report by I. Lambert, Belgian Military Attaché in Paris, to M. F. G. Wiellemans, Minister of War of Belgium, describing the discussions among the Romanian politicians regarding an immediate intervention of Romania in the war on the side of Serbia and the Allies.
- 185 1915 October (12)/25 (October 22)/November 4, Paris. Fragment from a report by I. Lambert concerning Russia's intended actions in the Balkans and the demarches made to obtain from Romania the right of passage for the Russian armies through Moldavia.
- ¹⁸⁶ 1915 October $\langle 12 \rangle / 25$, Bucharest. Telegram by O. Czernin to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Vienna about the demonstrations held in Bucharest in favour of Romania's entry into to war against the Central Powers.

- 187 1915 October 19/November 1, Bucharest. Telegram from S. Poklevsky-Koziell to S. Sazonov concerning the actions undertaken by Germany to involve Romania in the war.
- 188 1915 (October 19)/November 1, Bucharest. Telegram from C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra regarding the approaches made to King Ferdinand in order to bring Romania over on the side of the Entente or of the Central Powers.
- 189 1915 (October 24)/November 6, Bucharest. Telegram by C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra concerning the discussions he had with the Ministers of Russia and England in Bucharest and with I. I. C. Brătianu about the Russian troops needed on the front of Saloniki.
- 190 1915 (October 24)/November 6, Bucharest. Telegram from C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra about the difficulties encountered in the negotiations aimed at drawing Romania on the side of the Entente.
- 191 1915 (October 26) November 8, Bucharest. Telegram from C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra about the situation of the Romanian Army.
- 192 1915 November $\langle 1 \rangle / 14$, Paris. Fragment from a report by I. Lambert regarding the manifestations of the Unionist Federation in favour of Romania's entry into the war.
- 193 1915 November 19/December 2. On the article "Russia and Romania" in the journal Biryevyie Vedomosti concerning Romania's political attitude towards the Entente Powers and the Central Powers.
- 194 1915 (November 25)/December 8, Bucharest. Telegram by C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra regarding the visit to Italy of General Perticari, King Ferdinand's A.D.C.
- 195 1915 December (12)/25, Bucharest. Telegram by C. Fasciotti to A. Sanadra about the terms on which Romania would join the Entente.
- 196 (Before 1915 December 22/1916 January 4). Copy of the report made by an officer of the General Staff forwarded by the High Command of the Imperial-Royal Army to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Vienna about the hostile mood prevailing in Romania against the Central Powers.
- 197 1915 Budapest. Report by a police chief near the frontier between Romania and Hungary concerning the mood of the soldiers of Romanian nationality in the Hungarian Army.
- 198 1916 January (4)/17, Paris. Report from Guillaume to Baron Beyens, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Belgium, relating his talk with Alexandru Lahovary, Romanian Minister in Paris, about I. I. C. Brătianu's position in connection with Romania's renunciation of neutrality and its entry into the war on the side of the Entente.
- 199 1916 February $\langle 9 \rangle / 22$, Paris. Fragment from a report by I. Lambert containing comments on Romania's reluctance to enter the war.
- 200 1916 February 10/(23), Athens. Telegram by J. Baluggić to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Serbia about Take Ionescu's talk with the King in connection with Germany's attitude towards Romania.

- 201 1916 April <1>/14, Bucharest. Telegram by C. Fasciotti to A. Salandra about the conditions set by Romania for its entry into the war on the side of the Entente; the Ambassador's opinions about those conditions.
- 202 1916 April $\langle 2 \rangle$ /15, Berne. Dispatch by P. de Groote, Minister of Belgium in Berne, to Beyens regarding the comments of the Russian press on Romania's preparations to enter the war in order to achieve its national aspirations.
- 203 1916 April $\langle 7 \rangle$ /20, Le Havre. Note by Beyens to the Ministers of Belgium in Paris and London informing them about Romania's situation and the attitude of Russia, England and France with regard to the military cooperation of Romania in the war against the Central Powers.
- 204 1916 (April 30)/May 13, Bucharest. O. Czernin's report to Burian about his talk with I. I. C. Brătianu; the justification of the policy of neutrality; the refusal to promote a policy of combinations in the future.
- 205 1916 May 12/(25), Bucharest. Telegram from P. Marinković, Envoy Extraordinary of Serbia in Bucharest, to the Serbian Ministry of Foreign Affairs about his meeting with I. I. C. Brătianu for the purpose of conveying to him the gratitude of the Serbian Government for the aid given to Serbia; I. I. C. Brătianu's opinion in connection with Romania's entry into action; the reason for Romania's neutrality.
- 206 1916 $\langle May 23 \rangle / June 5$, Budapest. Telegram by Tisza to Kostyál Miklós, Ministerial Commissary in Petroşani, regarding the application of state of emergency against the striking miners who would not go back to work.
- 207 1916 $\langle May 24 \rangle / June 6$, Budapest. Telegram by Tisza to Kostyál instructing him to take drastic measures against the workers who would continue the strike.
- 208 1916 June 5/18, Petersburg. Telegram by General Mihail Vassilievich Alekseiev, Chief of the Russian General Staff, to Colonel Tatarinov to be conveyed to I. I. C. Brătianu and General Dumitru Iliescu, Deputy Chief of the Romanian General Staff, suggesting that the moment was favourable for the Romanian Army to engage in combat operations.
- 209 1916 June $\langle 6 \rangle / 19$, Sinaia. O. Czernin's report to Burian about I. I. C. Brătianu's skilful political monoeuvering; he neither wanted to miss the right moment to participate in the war on the side of the Entente, nor to risk too much in relation to the Central Powers.
- ²¹⁰ 1916 June $\langle 6 \rangle / 19$, Paris. Dispatch by Guillaume to Beyens about his talk with Al. Lahovary regarding the Romanians' national ideal; the armament Romania needed in order to start fighting and the assurances given to the Allies that Romania would certainly do its duty.
- 211 1916 June 10/23, (Petersburg). Telegram by General M. Alekseiev to General Constantin Prezan, Chief of the General Staff of the Romanian Army, indicating that the time was right for the Romanian Army to engage the enemy.

- 212 1916 June (13)/26. Telephone report by the Vice-governor of Hunedoara county to Sándor regarding the miners' strike (in Jiu Valley).
- 213 1916 June (15)/28, Sinaia. O. Czernin's report to Burian about I. I. C. Brătianu's intention to declare war on Austria-Hungary within 6-7 weeks.
- 214 1916 June (15)/28, Petrosani. Telephone report made by Marković Ince, Deputy Inspector of Police in Petroșani, to the Ministerial Counsellor Vásárhelyi Gyula regarding the effects of applying the state of emergency against the striking miners of Petroșani.
- 215 1916 June (17)/30, Bucharest. Telegram by O. Czernin to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Vienna about the anti-war manifestation of the Romanian socialists; his talk with I. I. C. Brătianu and Al. Marghiloman; the worsening of the economic situation in Romania.
- 216 1916 (June 18)/July 1, Sinaia. O. Czernin's report to Burian about his talk with I. I. C. Brătianu concerning the latter's policy in relation to military events; the inevitability of the war with Romania unless the Russian offensive was halted.
- 217 1916 (June 20)/July 3, Vienna. Letter of Frederic C. Penfield, American Ambassador in Vienna, to the U. S. Secretary of State Robert Lansing containing personal considerations on the possibility of Romania's entry into the war.
- 218 1916 June 21/July 4. Telegram by S. Poklevsky-Koziell to S. Sazonov about the current negotiations with a view to Romania's entry into the war.
- 219 1916 (June 27)/July 10, Le Havre. Note of Baron L. van der Elst, General Secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Belgium, to W. Steen informing him about the cable sent by Czar Nicholas II to the Chairman of the Romanian Council of Ministers asking Romania's military cooperation.
- 220 1916 (June 28)/July 11, Paris. Dispatch by I. Lambert to M. Wiellemans in connection with Romania's renunciation of neutrality and the conditions spelled out by the Romanian Government during the negotiations with Russia.
- 221 1916 July (2)/15, Rome. Dispatch by W. Steen to Beyens regarding the cable sent by Czar Nicholas II to King Ferdinand in connection with the oportuneness of Romania's entry into the war on the side of the Allies.
- 222 1916 July (3)/16, Paris. Dispatch by I. Lambert about the progress of negotiations on Romania's entry into the war; the conditions put forward by the Russian Government.
- 223 1916 July (5)/13, Vienna. Burian's letter to G. Hohenlohe about the request made by the Entente to I. I. C. Brătianu for Romania's entry into the war; I. I. C. Brătianu's reservations and the terms he asked from the Entente; the offensive developed by General Maurice

96

Paul Emmanuel Sarrail, Commander in Chief of the Oriental Army; the shipment of guns from Archangelsk to Romania.

- 224 1916 July 9/(22), London. Telegram by M. Bošković, Serbian Minister Plenipotentiary in London, to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Serbia in connection with the promises made to Romania by Russia at the beginning of the war to allow it to occupy the territories of Austria-Hungary inhabited by Romanians in exchange for the continuation of Romania's neutrality; the Military Convention to be concluded between Romania and Russia and the Treaty between Romania and the Allies.
- 225 1916 July 14/27. Telegram by Basili, Head of the Diplomatic Chancellery attached to the Russian General Headquarters, regarding the draft Military Convention proposed by Romania.
- 226 1916 July $\langle 15 \rangle / 28$. Telegram by Basili about the negotiations for Romania's entry into the war.
- 227 1916 July $\langle 18 \rangle | 31$, Paris. Dispatch by I. Lambert to M. Wiellemans concerning the negotiations of the Entente with Romania for the latter's entry into the war on their side.
- 228 1916 July 19/August 1, Paris. Telegram by A. Izvolsky about the position of the French Government and of the French public opinion with regard to the talks conducted in Bucharest between Russia and Romania for the latter's entry into the war.
- 229 1916 $\langle July 21 \rangle | August 3$, Paris. Dispatch by I. Lambert to M. Wiellemans in connection with the views of the Russian Government during the negotiations with Romania on the latter's entry into the war.
- 230 1916 July 25/August 7, Le Hâvre. Beyens' note to the Ministers of Belgium in London and Paris informing them about the progress of negotiations between Romania and the Allies resulting in the conclusion of two conventions: a military-political convention between Romania and Russia, and a military one between Romania, France, England, and Italy.
- 231 1916 $\langle July \ 29 | August \ 11$, Petersburg. \rangle Telegram by Czar Nicholas II to King Ferdinand expressing his adhesion to the struggle waged by the Romanian people for the achievement of its national aspirations.
- 232 1916 July 31/August 13. Telegram by S. Sazonov to the Russian Ambassadors in Paris, London and Rome regarding the signing of the Military Convention with Romania.
- 233 1916 August $\langle 2 \rangle / 15$, Paris. Dispatch by I. Lambert about France's request to Russia to be more conciliatory in respect of the conditions for Romania's entry into the war.
- 234 1916 August 3/(16), Corfu. Telegram sent by Colonel Mihail Iovanović, by order of the Serbian Minister of War, to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Serbia conveying a report made by the Military Attaché of Serbia in Russia regarding the fact that Romania did not yet sign the Convention with Russia, although the Allies had accepted all the

conditions asked by Romania, guaranteeing the return of Transylvania and of other regions claimed by it.

- 235 1916 August (3)/16, Berne. Dispatch by P. Groote to Beyens in connection with the statements made by Hungarian politicians on the Romanian problem, as published in the German and Hungarian press.
- 236 1916 August (4)/17, Bucharest. The Political Convention between Romania and the Entente on Romania's territorial integrity and its borders after the war.
- 237 1916 August (4)/17, Bucharest. The Military Convention concluded between Romania and the Powers of the Entente on the conditions of Romania's entry into the war.
- 238 1916 August (5)/18, Ungheni. Telegram by S. Poklevsky-Koziell about the signing of the Political and Military Conventions in Bucharest and the setting of a date for Romania's entry into the war.
- 239 1916 August $\langle 6 \rangle$ /19, Le Havre. Note sent by Beyens for the information of the Belgian Ministers in Paris and London regarding the position taken by Romania and the terms of its entry into the war on the side of the Allies. toral A *M margine hereit.

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